

TO TEST SUBMARINES

Trials to Take Place To-day in Narragansett Bay.

TWO BOATS ENTERED IN RACE

Octopus, of Holland Type, and Lake's Vessel Will Be Given Every Chance to Show Their Qualities—Only One Vessel to Be Taken Out at a Time.

Newport, R. I., April 30.—The beginning of the government's submarine boat tests, which are to be held in Narragansett Bay, off Newport, were set for to-day, but as the trial boat, composed of Capt. Adolph Marx, president; Naval Constructor D. W. Taylor, Commander Burns T. Waller, Lieut. Commander William S. Smith, Lieut. John W. Timmons, and Ensign F. H. Sadler, appointed by the Navy Department to supervise the tests, did not arrive last night, the tests will not begin until to-morrow.

Everything, as far as possible, pending the arrival of the official board of judges, was ready for the beginning of the trials, and the word "go" is now all that is needed to begin what will be the most exhaustive and severe tests that the government has ever put and vessel through to see if it answers all requirements. There will be two boats in the race, for so it can be called, these being the Lake and the Octopus, both of which have been in Newport waters for some time undergoing tuning-up trials, that they may be ready for the ordeal that the government officers will subject them to.

Octopus, Holland Type.

The Octopus, which is of the Holland type, the same as the type of boat which is now successfully used in the naval equipment of submarines, was built at the Fore River Shipbuilding Company's plant at Quincy, Mass., by the Electric Boat Company, last winter, and is said to be the largest submarine that has ever been constructed in this country. The Lake, which is the product of the Lake Torpedo Boat Company and is thought about the same size as the Octopus, is of an altogether different type of boat.

The Submarine Boat Company is also expected to be a bidder for the \$3,000,000 that the government has set aside and made available for the purchase of submarines, and it is expected that this company will submit a small model of the type of boat which it intends to build to the trial board before they have completed their task. The company, as far as known, has not built any actual size boat of their model.

The Octopus will be commanded by Capt. F. T. Cable during the trials, while Capt. William Evans will be at the steering wheel of the Lake. Both captains have said, during the last day or two, that they were all ready and thoroughly prepared for the tests. The trial board will do everything within its power to insure fairness to the competing boats, and the rules that have already been laid down tend toward this end.

Prepared for Tests.

Although the tests, or trials, are to be competitive, it would be impracticable to carry on simultaneous tests, and, therefore, each boat will be taken out separately. Which boat will be the first to be tried out is only a matter of conjecture at this time, and it will not be known until the navy board arrives in Newport. The schedule of tests to determine the maneuvering powers, the endurance, and habitability of the boats is a long one, and it has been unofficially estimated in Newport during the past week that it will take at least a week or ten days to complete the tests. The trial board, of course, not taking into consideration the chances of delays on account of adverse weather conditions.

BIDS OPENED FOR SUBMARINES.

Three Enter Competition—Lake Company the Lowest.

Three companies competed for the contract of building submarine torpedo boats under the invitation for proposals made by the Navy Department, and which were opened at the department yesterday.

The bidders were the Submarine Torpedo Boat Company, of New York; the Lake Torpedo Boat Company, of Bridgeport, Conn., and the Electric Boat Company, of Quincy, Mass.

The first-named company proposed to build at the Bath Iron Works one submarine boat, to be completed after the surface of the Octopus, of 250 tons displacement, for \$550,000.

The Lake Torpedo Boat Company offered to build at Bath, Me., a type of 500 tons displacement at prices ranging from \$450,000 to \$460,000, according to number; another type of 250 tons, from \$225,000 to \$235,000, according to number; a third type of 275 tons, from \$250,000 to \$255,000, according to number; a fourth type of 250 tons, at \$235,000 to \$240,000, according to number; a fifth type, of 425 tons, at \$365,000 to \$370,000. The company proposed to build either on the Pacific, Atlantic, or Gulf coasts, to meet the wishes of the Navy Department.

The proposal of the Electric Boat Company was for one boat of 274 tons at \$323,000 to \$325,000, according to number; a type of 240 tons at \$255,000 to \$257,000; the same type on the Pacific coast at \$255,000 to \$257,000; and the fourth and last proposal for a type of 274 tons, on the Pacific coast, at \$265,000 to \$267,000.

The last Congress appropriated \$3,000,000 to be expended for torpedo boats. The lowest bid offered on the face of the figures was that of the Lake company, which offered to build at the Bath Iron Works any number of 235-ton boats above five in number at \$198,000 each.

The Electric Company, which holds the Holland patents, offered to build the Octopus, with some minor improvements, of 274 tons, in lots of five or more at \$312,000 each.

Texas Pioneer Is Dead.

New Orleans, April 30.—Inge Archibald Overton Hicks is dead at Shreveport, La., aged ninety-one years. He was a native of Tennessee and moved to Texas in the thirties. He was a member of the first constitutional convention of that republic, a member of the constitutional convention of 1845, which brought Texas into the Union, and of the constitutional convention which took it out of the Union to join the Confederate States.

Two Towns Fire Swept.

New Orleans, April 30.—A fire which started in the Regal Hotel, of Leesville, La., destroyed the business section of the town, twenty-seven buildings being lost, including the postoffice, two banks, and twenty-five stores. The lumber town of Rosepine, only seven miles from Leesville, met with a similar fate at the same time, the business section being almost completely destroyed.

Baron de Ros Passes Away.

London, April 30.—Baron de Ros, Premier Baron of England and colonel of the First Life Guards, died on his estate, Old Court, Strangford, County-down, last night. He was the twenty-fourth baron of that name, was born at Brighton in 1827 and succeeded his father in 1874.

MARSHAL FARNAN HONORED.

Baltimore's Police Chief Presented with Silver for Long Service.

Baltimore, Md., April 30.—Marshal of Police Thomas F. Farnan was kept busy shaking hands to-day with members of the department, private citizens, city officials, and business men who called at police headquarters to congratulate him on his completion of forty years' service as a policeman.

To-night at Hazzer's Hall Marshal Farnan was presented a handsome silver service, given him by members of the department and citizens of Baltimore, in recognition of his long service as a guardian of the public. The presentation was made by President of the Board of Police Commissioner George R. Willis. Marshal Farnan was appointed a policeman on April 30, 1867, and step by step reached the position of chief until he reached the summit on August 8, 1905, when he was made marshal, succeeding the late Marshal Samuel T. Hamilton.

BORAH DECLINES TO TALK.

Idaho Senator Not in Position to Discuss His Indictment.

Boise, Idaho, April 30.—Senator W. E. Borah returned last night from Washington, where he spent several days in connection with affairs affecting the State of Idaho. Senator Borah declined to discuss the recent action of the Federal grand jury, which is said to have found an indictment against him in connection with the alleged land frauds in this State.

"I am in the midst of assisting in the prosecution of Haywood and Meyer and others charged with complicity in the murder of Gov. Steuneger," said Senator Borah, "and I think it would be out of place for me to discuss any such affairs at this time. It is my desire to go into this great case unhampered by any utterances concerning the action of the jury, if that body has taken any action."

FRIGATE SARATOGA DOOMED

Famous Old Sloop-of-war to Go to Scrap Heap.

First Ship Commanded by Farragut After He Received Commission as Captain in Navy.

Philadelphia, April 30.—The school ship Saratoga, the old United States frigate which did valiant work in her time, is doomed for the scrap heap. This announcement was made at League Island to-day. She has been at the navy yard waiting to be repaired, but when the carpenters and mechanics began an investigation of her it was found that she was beyond repair. Much of the woodwork in her crumbled to pieces under a single blow of an axe, and her beams were like paper.

It was on January 27 of this year that the Saratoga, with about eighty cadets of the Pennsylvania Naval School aboard, encountered a storm 200 miles north of the Bermuda Islands. It was then deemed advisable to return to Philadelphia for repairs, though at the time it was not thought the old frigate had sustained her death blow. But at the League Island Navy Yard it was found that her bow had been wrenched two to three inches out of plumb by one of the waves that swept over her.

In the course of the next few days the United States government will condemn the Saratoga, and some time this summer the old ship will be put up for auction, and a junk dealer, lacking of sentiment, will buy her for any old copper or iron that he may find in her.

It was with real regret that Commander Charles N. Atwater, U. S. N., retired, who has been in command of the Saratoga for a year or so, heard that the frigate had been doomed. It will mean that the Naval School will be without a sailing vessel or training ship of any kind. The New York Naval School used to have the old St. Mary, a frigate similar to the Saratoga, and which met with much the same fate. When the New York school was found to be without a training ship, the citizens of the State contributed enough to buy one.

The history of the Saratoga is interesting. She was built in the Portsmouth (N. H.) Navy Yard in 1842. She was the first of a new class of sloops-of-war, and had twenty guns.

She was the first ship that Admiral Farragut commanded after he received his commission as a captain in the United States navy.

BANK EXAMINER DROPPED.

Official Who Permitted Walker to Loot Institution Loses Position.

Hartford, Conn., April 30.—Gov. Woodruff to-day sent to the senate the name of Norris S. Lippitt, of Norwich, to be bank examiner of Connecticut for four years, from July 1, 1907, in place of George F. Kendall, of Suffield. Kendall's failure of a reappointment is said to be due to a criticism made of his methods by Mayor Landers, of New Britain, at the time of Kendall's investigation into the financial condition of the New Britain Bank, when Walker, the treasurer, got away with over half a million of the bank's securities.

Kendall called at the bank to investigate the accounts and was met by Walker. The latter professed to be indisposed and unable to assist the bank examiner in looking over the accounts. At Walker's suggestion Kendall put off for the time being his examination of the bank records until Walker was ready to give him a lift. In the meantime Walker, realizing that his crooked work was about to be exposed, hurriedly left New Britain, and has not yet been captured. When Kendall came back to examine the bank Walker had skipped town.

Big Steamship Goes Ashore.

Halifax, Nova Scotia, April 30.—A report reached here to-day from Whitehead that a large iron steamship went ashore to-day near the Whitehead Island, Ireland.

The vessel was afterward floated without assistance and proceeded. The name of the vessel was not learned, and it is not known whether she was damaged.

Chicago Wants More Mail Clerks.

Chicago, April 30.—D. A. Campbell, Chicago's new postmaster, started to-day on his first business trip to Washington. He will make several requests, including one for more assistants. The new postmaster's salary was increased during Roosevelt's incumbency.

O-KALON

PHONE WINE CO. 614
M938-1421 ST.

Combination Corker and Crown Stopper—New Pres
With every \$1.00 purchase of O-Kalon wet goods, a handy article to have around the house, or for those who do not purchase goods.
Phone Main 508.

DOUMA TO CONTINUE

Dissolution of Body Postponed by Making Appeal.

UKASE AWAITING SIGNATURE

Decree of Abolition Is Supported by Provincial Governors and Military Commanders—Czar Presides at Important Conference at Tsarskoe-Selo—Conscription Bill Is Adopted.

St. Petersburg, April 30.—The existence of the Douma was saved by a hair's breadth this evening at a council at Tsarskoe-Selo, at which the Czar presided. The day began with an interview at the Tauride Palace, the meeting place of the Douma, between Gen. Roediger, minister of war, and M. Golovin, president of the Douma, at which the minister delivered a written accusation that M. Golovin, at yesterday's session, permitted the army to be insulted.

M. Golovin replied that last night he had offered his resignation to Premier Stolypin and it would be operative if the ministers attempted to interfere with his authority. M. Stolypin had replied that the resignation was not necessary.

The question of the dissolution of the Douma was considered at Tsarskoe-Selo to-day, when an ukase decreeing dissolution was laid on the table for the Czar's signature. It was supported by a majority of the provincial governors and by the military commanders in the St. Petersburg district.

Stolypin Appeals for Douma.

Premier Stolypin, however, made a long and energetic speech, in which he resisted the idea of choosing the present occasion for dissolution, and he persuaded the Czar not to sign the ukase. The Douma thus remains in existence, but starts its ten days' Easter recess in a perilous state.

Before adjournment it adopted the government's conscription bill, and agreed that the 6,000,000 rubles voted for famine relief shall be under the control of government committees. The house also adopted by a unanimous vote the bill abolishing field courts-martial. The members of age right did not vote, they having withdrawn from the chamber.

Notwithstanding to-day's votes, which demonstrate the Douma's anxiety to keep alive, the Czar is personally in sympathy with the parties which desire dissolution. The leaders of these parties will meet again at Tsarskoe-Selo Thursday.

NEWSPAPERS BOUGHT UP.

Senator Beveridge Points Out Most Dangerous Trust Evil.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 30.—Hon. Albert J. Beveridge, United States Senator, in the recent number of The Reader, in his debate with Hon. William Jennings Bryan, boldly declares that there is a "newspaper trust" formed to shape public opinion. He says:

"The last evil of these 'trusts' is the most subtle and dangerous of all; and I see no remedy for it in any possible legislation. This evil is the purchase and ownership by 'the interests' of newspapers and other organs of public information and opinion. At strategic points great newspapers are being bought up by men who are either a part of or are affiliated with mighty financial interests. A Southern Senator told me the other day that every important newspaper in his State was now in such ownership. Such newspapers deliberately lie to the people. They publish real news only as it accords with the political or financial purposes of their proprietors. Men of all parties are assailed or praised exclusively from this point of view. Both Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Bryan have been targeted and other public men have been and are attacked, in exact proportion to their services to the people and their defiance of the orders issued by the powers that control these organs."

"For this evil there is no remedy but in the people themselves. Thomas B. Reed once said: 'I thank God that there is no public opinion which is potential except mouth-to-mouth public opinion.' Somehow or other the people must know about these things. Perhaps it is the fearlessness and righteousness of the 'country press,' which has not yet been corrupted except in one or two States. Perhaps it is the psychic conscience of the millions that somehow or other, penetrate through the mists of the 'city press,' which has any practical remedy in the way of legislation for this evil. I will follow him. But up to the present time I have seen no cure except in the good sense and upright heart of the people themselves, who will come to know such publications when they see them, and, acting in opposition to any man or measure they commend, get on the right side."

PROTESTS AGAINST ATTORNEY.

Athole B. Reader Objects to Haggin's Lawyer Assisting Prosecution.

New York, April 30.—For the defense of Athole B. Reader, on trial for perjury, alleged to have been committed in his suit against James B. Haggin, Francis L. Wellman, who was appointed special assistant district attorney to conduct the examination for the government, was called as a witness in the United States Circuit Court to-day.

Mr. Wellman is general counsel for Haggin, and Lawyer Hinder, for the defense, asked him if he was presented by the government or by Mr. Haggin to conduct the case. The questions were ruled out.

The witness, however, was permitted to say that he would be remunerated by whatever the result of the trial might be, and also that he did not first suggest to the government that Reader be prosecuted for perjury.

The burden of Mr. Hinder's summing up for the defense was a protest against Mr. Wellman's appointment as special assistant district attorney, which he said made the case look more like private prosecution than Federal.

Mr. Wellman in reply said that he had called no witnesses, but simply proposed the defendant's own contradictory statements. Judge Chatfield will instruct the jury to-morrow.

Dr. Frank Brouwer to Wed.

Toms River, N. J., April 30.—Dr. Frank E. Brouwer, who was acquitted last September of the charge of murdering his wife by administering arsenic and ground glass to her while she was ill, will soon be married.

Announcement was made to-day of his engagement to Miss Esther B. Singleton, daughter of William B. Singleton, postmaster of Toms River, and one of the most popular young women of the town.

Church Mortgage Burned.

Richmond, Va., April 30.—An unique and interesting piece was held at the Laurel Street M. E. Church to-night, when the mortgage representing the last debt on the church property was publicly burned in the presence of the members of the congregation.

BRITTON TO BE RELEASED.

Noted Kentucky Prisoner Will Now Face Another Charge.

Lexington, Ky., April 30.—William Britton, Kentucky's most noted prisoner, with the single exception of Caleb Powers, will be released from prison to-morrow, he having been granted bail by Judge Watts Parker to-day in the sum of \$7,200.

Britton is the last of the Hargis-Calhoun henchmen to be freed by the Fayette Circuit Court, but his freedom will be short, as he will be arrested on a bench warrant charging him with the assassination of Dr. B. B. Cow. He was thrown in the Lexington jail three years ago for the alleged murder of Jim Cockrell, at Jackson. He was sentenced for life in his first trial, and his last trial, the past week, resulted in a hung jury, with proof overwhelmingly against him.

Powers has been in jail seven years and has been convicted three times by partisan juries.

MORE WAR SHIPS FOR JAPAN.

Three Huge Fighting Vessels to Be Built, Probably in England.

Tokyo, April 30.—The Nichi Nichi Shimun announces that in addition to the Satsuma, Japan intends soon to have two or three other battle ships built, either here or in England. British-built ships are favored, the experts acknowledging the points of superiority in the Dreadnought.

It is held that the improvements shown to be necessary by Japan's war experience could be added after the vessels arrive here, which would make them the most powerful and most effective warships afloat.

It is reported that the difficulty in obtaining Harveizey steel in Japan made the war ship Aki cost 20 per cent more than would have been the case had she been constructed abroad. This also affected the experts' opinion regarding the advisability of building the new vessels in Great Britain.

BRINGS CHEER TO CONVICT

Wife of William January Bears Message of Hope.

President Roosevelt Will Probably Grant Pardon to Man Who Was Recently Captured.

Leavenworth, Kan., April 30.—The wife of William January, the escaped prisoner, visited him this afternoon. On her arrival here she was shown a telegram stating that President Roosevelt favored her husband's petition, and it would probably be granted. When January was brought into the deputy warden's office to greet his wife she said, "I could hardly wait to see you. I have such good news."

January kissed his wife and child, and then as he held the little one and stood at attention, Mrs. January continued: "You will soon be free and come home to us."

She could say no more, and handed him a message to read.

After a long conference with her husband, Mrs. January said they had no plans that since April 29 she had only thought of helping her husband gain his liberty. She left for Kansas City to work in the prison laundry until the order for his release came. She said she had been in the prison since January, of which she had been in the prison since January, of which she had been in the prison since January.

Both Douglas and Dennett were brought over from the Tombs to-day to the district attorney's office and questioned at length by Assistant District Attorney Murphy. The examination of the two prisoners, who have been examined at great length before, followed certain statements made by three newspaper reporters who spent several days in Boston and talked many times with a man there who has been mentioned in connection with the case.

Mr. Murphy said that what the newspaper men told him was interesting, and that it all he would say. Mr. Murphy is greatly worried over the case, and is anxiously awaiting the return of District Attorney Jerome from Albany. Mr. Jerome will be at his desk to-morrow morning, and it is expected that some facts regarding what has been done and learned will be made public.

THORNE REPLIES TO CRITICISM.

Oakleigh Thorne, President of the Trust Company of America, Came out with a Statement to-day Regarding the Reasons for the Manner in which he has Acted in the Case.

Mr. Thorne has been criticised by members of the board of trustees, and other prominent men, for the manner in which he has acted in the case. Mr. Thorne has been criticised by members of the board of trustees, and other prominent men, for the manner in which he has acted in the case. Mr. Thorne has been criticised by members of the board of trustees, and other prominent men, for the manner in which he has acted in the case.

"When I stated on Sunday of last week that there had been only \$50,000 stolen from the trust company, I believed that to be the fact. I had known the amount was to exceed half a million dollars I should have made that public."

"The examination of the securities had hardly begun when I made my statement on Sunday. While we are morally convinced that there was a third person in the case, the identity of this person being well known to us, we had at noon to-day not one bit of evidence to connect him with it, and there is grave doubt in my mind that we should be able to cause his arrest. No one is more eager than we are the officers of the Trust Company of America to bring about the arrest of this man, and everything will be done that can be toward that end."

TAFT ON WAY HOME.

Secretary Declines to Discuss Primary to Select Candidate.

Cincinnati, Ohio, April 30.—Secretary Taft left Cincinnati at noon to-day for Washington. He declined to make any political statement or to discuss the re-election of Chairman Walter Brown, of the Republican State committee, to call a primary. He said he had nothing whatever to say of importance.

Editor Taft is annoyed at what he calls the exaggeration of his wealth by correspondents.

"Why it has been said by these writers that I am worth fifty millions; that's ridiculous."

Senior Foraker accompanied the body of his brother, James R. Foraker, who died last Saturday, to Hillsboro to-day. The Cincinnati bar, of which the deceased had been an honored member; the Elks, and other secret organizations were represented among the pallbearers.

Gift of D. A. R. Unveiled.

New York, April 30.—A bronze tablet was unveiled this afternoon upon Hamilton Grange, at 11st street and Convent avenue, which was the country home of Alexander Hamilton for three years before his death. The tablet is the gift of the Washington Heights Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

ENDS LIFE WITH BULLET.

Special to The Washington Herald.

Baltimore, April 30.—Capt. William H. Thompson, who has for the past thirty years been prominently identified with the oyster-buying and packing industry of Baltimore, died at the City Hospital at 10:30 o'clock this morning from a wound which he had inflicted in the office of Oden C. Murphy, commission merchant, 117 Market Space.

LOSE SIGHT OF BONDS

Trust Company Agents Cannot Trace \$63,000 Loot.

DOUGLAS' FIRST STEALINGS

More Private Papers of Broker Dennett Seized—District Attorney Still Searching for "Man Higher Up." Further Developments Expected To-day When Jerome Returns.

New York, April 30.—In the official statement issued by the trustees and officials of the Trust Company of America on Monday, relative to the stealings of Assistant Loan Clerk Douglas, it was stated that all securities with the exception of \$63,000 worth had been recovered by the company. While the statement did not say as much, the impression that the officials of the company gave was that the location of these securities was known and that they would be returned in due time.

A man connected with the trust company stated to-day that the whereabouts of this \$63,000 worth of securities are not known; that they had been sold outright, not hypothecated for loans, as were those recovered, and had passed through so many hands by this time that all trace of them had been lost.

The officers of the trust company believe that these missing securities represent the original stealings of Douglas, and the theft that led him to make his final big haul in an effort to arm himself with a club to swing over the company so as to secure immunity for his original offense.

Settle More Dennett Papers.

Early this evening a box of papers belonging to Broker Oliver M. Dennett, who is in the Tombs with Douglas for complicity in the robbery, and who hypothecated many of the stolen securities, was seized at the vaults of the Atlantic Safe Deposit Company, at 47 West street. This safe-deposit vault contained a number of Broker Dennett's papers, and it was said in certain quarters that the box contained a number of stolen securities that Douglas took from the Trust Company of America.

Assistant District Attorney Murphy, who had charge of the case against Douglas and Dennett, who are in the Tombs, spent a great part of this afternoon in going over these papers. It was Assistant District Attorney Murphy who ordered the box seized.

He was asked whether there were any securities in the box, and replied that he could not answer the question.

"Will you say that no securities were found?" Mr. Murphy was asked.

"That I will not answer also," he replied.

President Oakleigh Thorne, of the Trust Company of America, stated that he was positive that no securities were found in the box. Just where he got his information he did not say.

"Man Higher Up" Not Yet Caught.

The hunt for the so-called "man higher up" in the case did not result in the production of such an individual to-day.

Assistant District Attorney Murphy, while he is not at all inclined to discuss the case, having received orders from District Attorney Jerome to keep silent, let it be known that there would be no new arrest to-night. It was learned on the very best authority that Mr. Murphy is not very sanguine about his being able to connect a third person with the crime.

Both Douglas and Dennett were brought over from the Tombs to-day to the district attorney's office and questioned at length by Assistant District Attorney Murphy. The examination of the two prisoners, who have been examined at great length before, followed certain statements made by three newspaper reporters who spent several days in Boston and talked many times with a man there who has been mentioned in connection with the case.

Mr. Murphy said that what the newspaper men told him was interesting, and that it all he would say. Mr. Murphy is greatly worried over the case, and is anxiously awaiting the return of District Attorney Jerome from Albany. Mr. Jerome will be at his desk to-morrow morning, and it is expected that some facts regarding what has been done and learned will be made public.

THORNE REPLIES TO CRITICISM.

Oakleigh Thorne, President of the Trust Company of America, Came out with a Statement to-day Regarding the Reasons for the Manner in which he has Acted in the Case.

Mr. Thorne has been criticised by members of the board of trustees, and other prominent men, for the manner in which he has acted in the case. Mr. Thorne has been criticised by members of the board of trustees, and other prominent men, for the manner in which he has acted in the case.

"When I stated on Sunday of last week that there had been only \$50,000 stolen from the trust company, I believed that to be the fact. I had known the amount was to exceed half a million dollars I should have made that public."

"The examination of the securities had hardly begun when I made my statement on Sunday. While we are morally convinced that there was a third person in the case, the identity of this person being well known to us, we had at noon to-day not one bit of evidence to connect him with it, and there is grave doubt in my mind that we should be able to cause his arrest. No one is more eager than we are the officers of the Trust Company of America to bring about the arrest of this man, and everything will be done that can be toward that end."

TAFT ON WAY HOME.

Secretary Declines to Discuss Primary to Select Candidate.

Cincinnati, Ohio, April 30.—Secretary Taft left Cincinnati at noon to-day for Washington. He declined to make any political statement or to discuss the re-election of Chairman Walter Brown, of the Republican State committee, to call a primary. He said he had nothing whatever to say of importance.

Editor Taft is annoyed at what he calls the exaggeration of his wealth by correspondents.

"Why it has been said by these writers that I am worth fifty millions; that's ridiculous."

ENDS LIFE WITH BULLET.

Special to The Washington Herald.

Baltimore, April 30.—Capt. William H. Thompson, who has for the past thirty years been prominently identified with the oyster-buying and packing industry of Baltimore, died at the City Hospital at 10:30 o'clock this morning from a wound which he had inflicted in the office of Oden C. Murphy, commission merchant, 117 Market Space.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH

SCRUBB'S Mollient Ammonia A DELIGHTFUL PREPARATION

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for Toilet Purposes. Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair. Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing. Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites. Unexcelled for Cleansing the Finger Nails. Restores the Color to Carpets. Cleans Plate and Jewelry. Softens Hard Water. So Vivifying after Motoring and other Sports.</